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Engaging consumers





Project supported by LIFE funding

Introducing ECAP

Understanding clothing impacts

- Why should we adopt a circular approach to textiles?
- Clothing waste disposal in Europe

Understanding consumer behaviours

 What our research tells us about consumer behaviour in relation to clothing across Europe

Influencing change

- What is a behaviour change campaign?
- Case study from #LoveNotLandfill

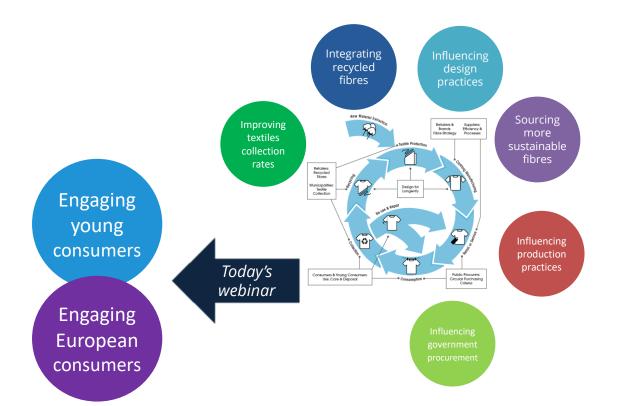
Helping you make a change

- ECAP consumer engagement resources
- Answering any questions





















Clothing has the 4th largest environmental impact after housing, transport and food

Water footprint of clothing consumed in 2015 in the EU is **46,400 million m**³



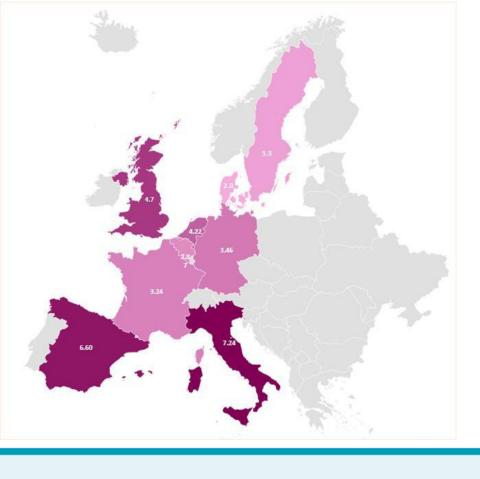
More than six million tonnes of clothing were consumed in the EU in 2015

footprint of clothing consumed in one year, 2015, in the EU is 195 million tonnes CO₂e

Why adopt a circular approach to textiles?







Majority of clothing is going to landfill and incineration instead of being re-used or recycled

In many European countries only 30-50% of discarded textiles are collected. In large cities this is even lower.

The European Commission's Circular Economy package stresses the need for more recycling of municipal waste.

The aim is to improve textile recovery rates as part of meeting the targets of 60% in 2025 and 65% by 2030.

Clothing waste disposal in European countries







The Netherlands: Most likely to own a tumble dryer. Least likely to want to learn repair skills.

Germany: Less likely to own a repaired item of clothing. Most likely to own clothes they wear less than fortnightly.



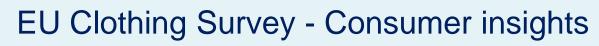


Denmark: Least likely to wash at 30°C. Less likely to check seams before purchase, yet expect clothes to last a year longer on average than other nations (5.0 years average active lifespan).

Italy: Most likely to wash on cold setting, and to air dry. Most interested in learning repair skills.

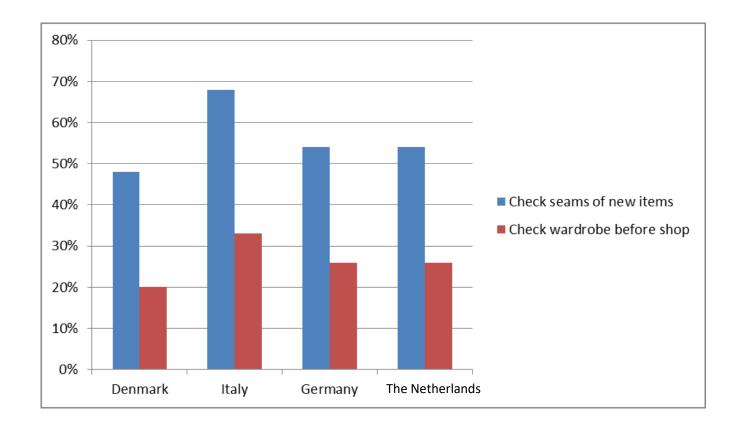




















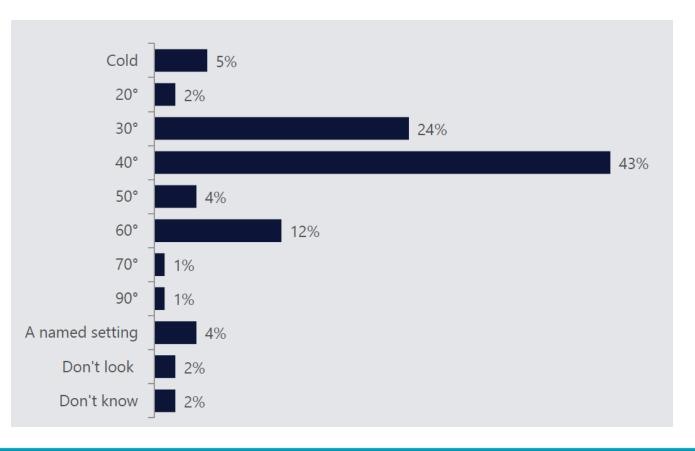




EU Clothing Survey - Washing behaviours







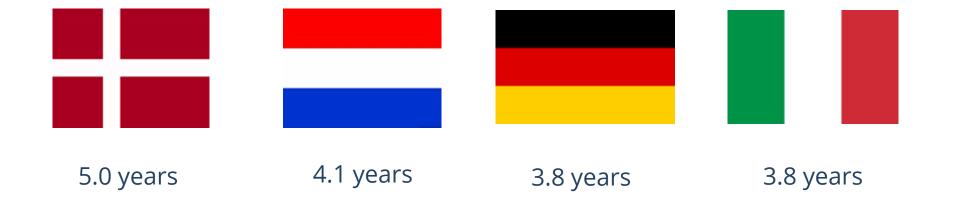
- Majority of 'most frequent' washes at 40°C
- ☐ 12% of most frequent washes are at 60°C







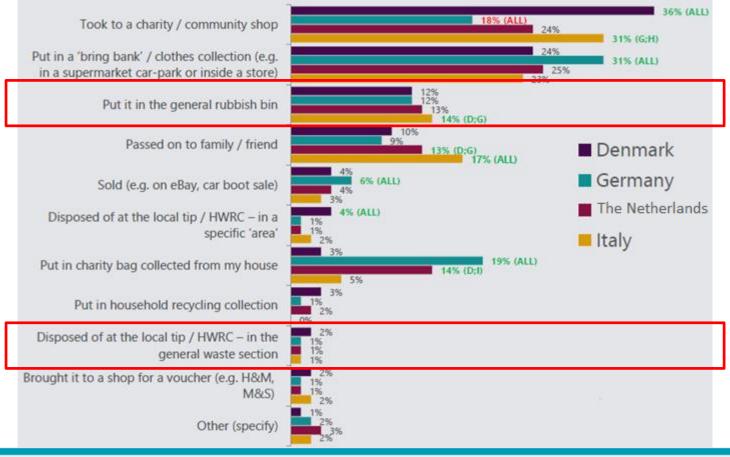
The overall average active lifespan of clothes in:



EU Clothing Survey - Average active lifespan of clothes











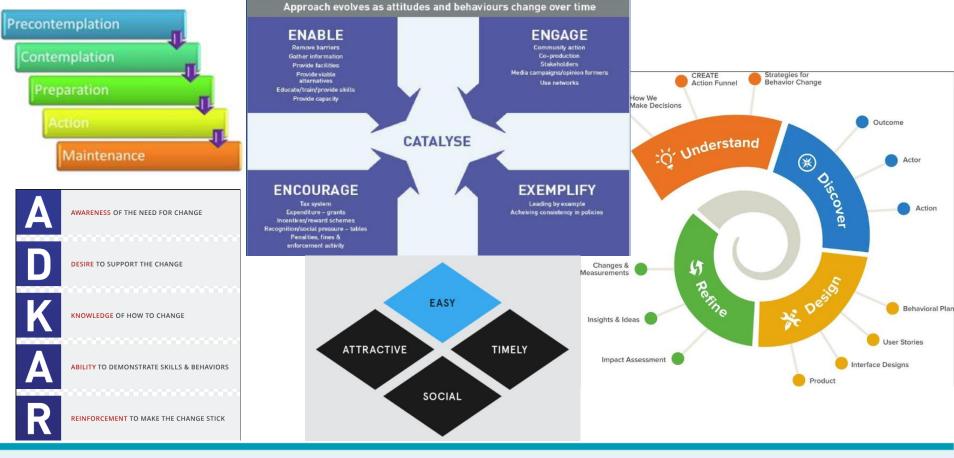












Behaviour change models





Aim	Audience	Channels	Messages	Testing	Call to Action	Evaluation
What is the objective of the campaign? What do you want to achieve?	Who's behaviour do we need to influence? How do we target them?	What channels can we use to fit our budget and reach the desired audience?	What are the key takeaways from the campaign? What are the top messages you want to get across?	How do you know you are reaching the target audience? How do you know the messages resonate?	Have a clear, concise action for people to take. What do you want them to do to achieve behaviour change?	Was the campaign a success? How many of the target audience did it reach? How many clicked through/ took the survey?

Behaviour change campaigns – Key Considerations











Key strategies and messages



Strategy

- Engage young people in a series of events, initiatives and activities
- Increase understanding of how clothes impact the environment
- Make it easy to take action
- Incentivise action on their level

Messages

- Buy 2nd hand
- Care, mend and repair
- Recycle ALL clothes nothing in the bin
 - Use a clothes bank
 - Give to charity
 - Swap





Our audience = converted, eco-curious and unaware





















Campaign elements



























Visual cues





















Influencers



























Partnerships



TOPSHOP

9.8 million

(Instagram)

depop428 k
(Instagram)

SKVNNY DIP

582 k

(Instagram)

contiki 851 k (Facebook) EALING
BROADWAY

15 million
(Footfall)

Westfield 37 million (Footfall)





Strategies - events











We love fashion. We love style. We love clothes. We want to wear them, take care of them and share them; we want to buy them, sell them and pass them on. But most of all, we never want them to be thrown in the bin.

#LOVENOTLANDFILL





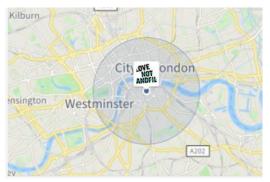




Strategies - social









Boost posts through:

- Financial support
- Location targeting
- Audience targeting
- Timing
- Language





Learnings - audience









Learnings - social





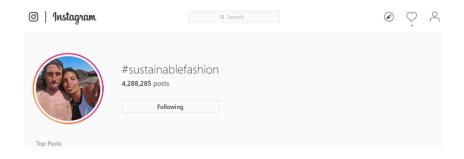






Jessica Pearson









Learnings – social

Instagram engagement: Organic vs Paid











Campaign results



2018 REACH
2,599

ENGAGEMENT

3,395

PHYSICAL CONNECTION

2,271

FOLLOWERS

2,065

2019 **4,193**

ENGAGEMENT

6,101

PHYSICAL CONNECTION

1,110

FOLLOWERS

4,193

Behaviour change campaign – #LoveNotLandfill









- Campaign report for ECAP
- #LoveNotLandfill 2019
- #LoveNotLandfill beyond 2019





For resources to help you engage with your consumer audiences visit www.ecap.eu.com which includes resources such as:



























Resources – case studies from additional European activity





Thank you

Any questions?







